Subject Description Form

Subject Code	APSS4536				
Subject Title	Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting and Strategy				
Credit Value	3				
Level	4				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	NIL				
Assessment Methods	100% Continuous Assessment	Individual Assessment	Group Assessment		
	1. Class Attendance and Participation	10%			
	2. Individual Assignment	30%			
	3. Group Project Presentation and Report		60%		
	 The grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned; The completion and submission of all component assignments are required for passing the subject; and Student must pass all component(s) (standard of passing) if he/she is to pass the subject. 				
Objectives	 The subject aims to: Introduce students with the concept of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) as a new practice for organizations in serving the interest of the profit, people and the planet; Familiarize students with the meaning, purpose and role of ESG, the risk-return-impact relationship, fiduciary duty of the firm, the drivers of ESG practices and its implications to organizations; Expose students to different reporting standards in relation to ESG as a mandatory and voluntary activity; Enable students to read, prepare and assess the ESG performance of an 				
	organization, the processes be key material issues in relation	chind the preparation of an H is to reporting standards;	nd the preparation of an ESG report, and identify o reporting standards;		
	5. Enable students to put into practice knowledge and skills to transform ES a reporting (compliance) practice into a sustainable strategy.				

.	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:	
Intended Learning Outcomes	a) Articulate essential concepts, rationales, drivers and processes of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) in organizations;	
	b) Articulate the distinction between ESG as a voluntary and mandatory practice in organizations as well as the different regulatory standards in ESG;	
	c) Analyze critical issues and opportunities in ESG in organizations;	
	d) Apply ESG as a reporting practice and transform it into a sustainable strategy that serves the interest of the profit, people and the planet.	
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. Concepts and definitions of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) in organizations; the rationales and incentives behind the rise of ESG in large organizations including the growing importance of sustainable development goals (SDGs).	
	2. Different nature and outcomes of ESG practices in organizations: voluntary vs. mandatory, compliance vs. strategic, trade-off vs. transformation; from being a burden to a driver of growth, and moving away from CSR.	
	3. Theoretical perspectives behind ESG: theory of the firm (the fiduciary duty of the firm vs its societal responsibility), ethics and justice theories, globalization and its discontents, limits to growth theory, tragedy of the commons problem, shareholder primacy vs stakeholder primacy, regenerative capacity, etc.	
	4. ESG reporting preparation and assessment: mission and purpose statement, culture and values statement, reporting principles based on key reporting frameworks such as Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) and United Nations Global Compact; reporting boundary, identifying and engaging stakeholders, materiality assessment, etc.	
	5. Social enterprises and Certified B Corporations as pioneers of voluntary ESG actors. GRI as a popular framework to think about mandatory ESG, alongside with the requirements for ESG by the Hong Kong stock exchange.	
	6. Moving from ESG as compliance to sustainable strategy: identifying innovation and new business models to reinvent organizations to embrace ESG as a strategy to succeed while considering the interest of the profit, people and planet.	
	7. Value lab tool: rethinking how to create value to help organizations succeed by using "value lab" tool as a practical instrument to experiment with and test beliefs about what opportunities and solutions can be created in relation to ESG matters.	
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Relevant theories and concepts will be covered through lectures, class discussions, and class exercises. Group projects will allow students to integrate what they have learnt in the course and apply them in group project. Class exercises will help students learn the practical aspects of the course. Guest speakers and field visits may be offered to enhance some key parts of the course.	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Outcomes			a	b	с	d	
	1. Class attendance and participation	10%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Individual assignment	30%	~	~	~	~	
	3. Group project presentation and report	60%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	 Individual Assignment: Assessing an ESG Report In this individual assignment, each student will evaluate a real ESG report to analyze the effectiveness and potential issues of the ESG report, and to provide recommendations to the organization for future reporting. Students will submit this assignment around the middle of the semester based on what they have learned. Group Project Presentation and Report: Creating an ESG Strategy and Proposed Reporting In this group project, students will work in groups of 5 members (subject to the discretion of the teacher, depending on the size of the class) to rethink of a real organization's existing ESG practices and to find ways to reinvent them in radical/new ways that create substantial value for the profit, people, and planet; and to propose a set of new ESG reporting that can be used to capture the new ESG strategy. Students will present and submit their ESG strategy and proposed ESG reporting in the final week(s) of the semester. 						
	Class contact: I lectures				39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:						
	 preparation of individual assignment 				30 Hrs.		
	 preparation of group project presentation 				43 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					112 Hrs.	

Reading List and References	Essential		
	ESG Matters: How to Save the Planet, Empower People, and Outperform the Competition (by Debra Brown & David Brown, 2021).		
	<i>The 360^o Corporation: From Stakeholder Trade-offs to Transformation</i> (by San Kaplan, 2019), Stanford University Press: California.		
	Tool to be used in the course and final project: Value Lab: A Tool for Entrepreneurial Strategy (by Felin, Alonso & Zenger). <u>https://mbrjournal.com/2021/11/03/value-lab-a-tool-for-entrepreneurial-strategy/ https://www.valuelab.ventures/</u>		
	Supplementary		
	How to Prepare an ESG Report: A Step by Step Guide to ESG Reporting (by HK Stock Exchange, 2020): <u>https://www.hkex.com.hk/-/media/HKEX-</u> <u>Market/Listing/Rules-and-Guidance/Environmental-Social-and-</u> <u>Governance/Exchanges-guidance-materials-on-ESG/step_by_step.pdf?la=en</u>		
	McKinsey's Five Ways that ESG Creates Value: <u>https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/strategy-and-corporate-finance/our-insights/five-ways-that-esg-creates-value</u>		
	Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards: https://www.globalreporting.org/		
	The History of ESG Reporting: https://movingworlds.org/esg-reporting-guide		
	The 600 Years of the History of Social Enterprise Movement: https://blog.movingworlds.org/the-600-year-history-of-the-social-enterprise- movement-and-how-the-next-6-years-are-its-most-important/		